

2023 Solid Non

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2023 Solid Non-Hazardous Waste Audit GECDSB

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The school facility is considered to be applicable to O. Reg. 103/94 Educational Institutions.

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School Name	Туре	Address	Audit Date

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1.3 Scope of Work

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Based on information provided by GECDSB, Eastview Horizon Public School produced approximately 8,537.94 kg of garbage, and 9,170.38 kg

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As noted above, a review of Eastview Horizon Public areas within campus buildings:

Classrooms Hallways Staffroom Offices Washrooms

It was discovered that classrooms were the most significant generator of waste in the facility, which accounted for approximately 62.34% of the overall waste sample. Classrooms were also the largest generator of Garbage, Blue Box and Red Box materials in the school, with approximately 26.05%, 18.83% and 17.45%, respectively, of the total audit waste sample.

4.2 Garbage Composition

The total weight of garbage collected and sorted for the audit was 44.01 kg. Figure 3 summarizes the overall combined garbage composition determined from the waste audit.

Figure 3: Overall Garbage Composition

Organic waste (i.e., food waste) was the largest contributor to the Garbage stream, with approximately 35,24% (i)6(t9.4671 0









The data suggests that Eastview Horizon Public

7.84%

of boxboard, aseptic containers and craft paper the overall garbage sample. 9.43% of the sample and consisted mainly 72.73% of

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4.3 Blue Box Recycling

The total weight of blue box recycling collected and sorted for the audit was 20.11 kg. Figure 6 summarizes the overall combined blue box recycling composition determined from the waste audit.



Figure 6: Overall Blue Box Recycling Composition

Summary tables, including composition, weights, and percentages, are found in Appendix C. The Blue Box recycling sample contained 61.81% of blue box materials, 24.56% of red box materials, and 5.82% of non-recyclable waste. The contamination rate of this waste stream was found to be 38.19%. The contaminants found were non-recyclable waste, organics, red box recyclables, LDPE #4 plastic films, and paper towels.

The Blue Box composition by functional area is illustrated in Figure 7. Based on the composition per functional area, the largest contamination can be found in the classrooms with approximately 28.74% of red box recyclables, 1.51% of compostable fibres, and 10.94% of non-recyclable waste in the total classroom sample of blue box recycling. Each functional area had an average of 69.13% of blue box materials and a contamination of 30.87% in the blue box stream.

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Figure 10: 2023 Waste Audit Summary

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72.73% of the Garbage stream was determined to be acceptable materials, including organic waste (35.24%), paper towels (23.88%), and non-recyclable waste (13.61%). Divertible materials such as blue box and red box recyclables were also present to be 9.04% and 18.22%, respectively.

the facility, which consisted mainly of 9.43 - 72.73% of the overall Garbage

sample.

The Blue Box recycling was composed primarily of accepted mixed containers materials, which represented 61.81% of the whole stream. The contamination rate was determined to be 38.19%, where the remaining sample contained 24.56% of red box recyclables, 1.04% of organic waste, 1.29% of compostable fibres, and 11.29% of non-recyclable waste.

The Red Box recycling was composed primarily of accepted mixed paper materials, which represented 88.62% of the whole stream. The contamination rate was determined to be 11.38%, where the remaining sample contained 2.50% of blue box recyclables, 0.48% of organic waste, 6.66% of paper towels, and 1.73% of non-recyclable waste.

8 Recommendations

Based on the conclusions, the following recommendations are presented below to assist Eastview Horizon Public



• Create a compost program for a school or community garden. A compost program can be a viable outdoor learning experience for students. If there is no opportunity to compost the food waste on school grounds, the organic waste could be collected in clearly defined waste bins throughout the school. These waste bins could be dedicated for food donations or compost, and placed in every hallway, classrooms, and common areas in the school. This also includes

rates from landfills.

Providing clear signage with pictures can help staff and students to identify opportunities for proper disposal at the source. The signage should be continually updated in all of the garbage and recycling bins to assist in sorting wastes easily and correctly. Signs are a very effective method of increasing participation, reducing contamination, and increasing the capture rate. A copy of the Essex-Windsor

Updated receptacles are required throughout the school that clearly segregate the different waste streams. These receptacles should be sized appropriately according to use and color-coordinated to identify the type of waste (i.e., black for garbage, blue for mixed containers, red for mixed papers). It is also recommended to keep every type of waste bin attached or close to each other all over the school and remove all of the solitary garbage bins to increase the capture rates of the divertible materials.

It is recommended to establish a committee (i.e., student environmental club) that oversees waste reduction and sustainability within the school and to promote a culture of waste diversion. Examples of activities include regular electronic

goals, and concerns; placement of informative posters in strategic locations around the school; a suggestion box to address concerns and suggestions on developing/changing diversion programs; and promoting the use of reusable or recyclable materials (i.e., reusable water bottles, scrap paper collection).

It is important for GECDSB and Eastview Horizon Public School staff to track year-over-year changes in waste diversion and capture rates, and communicate progress to the staff and students to encourage further participation/engagement.

common areas throughout the school. Continuously monitoring and reporting the year-over-year changes for this school annually would act as a basis for policy decisions regarding solid waste management for future projectiq0.00g(p)11(0 G5Q612 5[ur)-3(e)42(p)11(r)21 0 0 1 510.94 236.0954(e)-22(s)(ver)

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(3) This section does not apply with respect to obligations of a builder under Part IV or a demolisher under Part V. O.

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Environmental Protection Act

ONTARIO REGULATION 103/94

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Appendix B: List of Categories

Material Category	Material Subcategory	Description
	#1 Polyethylene Terephthalate (PET)	All PET #1 plastics. Includes clear or coloured thermoform packaging, beverage bottles, non-beverage bottles used for food items and non-food items such as dish soap, shampoo, mouthwash, window cleaner, floor cleaner, etc. Does not include Black Plastics.
	#2 High-Density	
Mixed Containers (Blue Box)		
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		Non-treated wood materials.
	Scrap Wood	
		Includes skids/pallets, wooden furniture, etc.
		Scrap metals, copper pipes, hardware, etc.
	Other Metals	Serup metals, copper pipes, nardware, etc.
		Includes multi-material items that are mainly metal.
		All Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment
		(WEEE).
Operational Waste		Anything that is battery operated and/or can be
	Electronic Waste	plugged in to an electrical outlet.
		Includes computer / IT equipment, telecom
		equipment, TV & audio equipment, small kitchen
		appliances, wires/chargers/adapters, cocks, gadgets,
		etc.
		All single-use and rechargeable batteries.
	Batteries	Includes Alkaline-Manganese, Lithium, Silver Oxide,
		Zinc Air, Zinc-Carbon, etc.
	Cold Beverage and Food Wax-Lined	All cups and containers used for cold beverages and
		food with a plastic or wax lining.
		Multiple layered primarily fiber cold food and
		beverage containers, common in the fast food
	Paper Cups	industry.
		Includes paper-based cups with a plastic lining, water
		cooler cups, freezer boxes, etc.
		All #4 LDPE plastic films.
	#4 Low-Density	Includes soft "stretchy" PE plastic used for items such
Non-Recyclable Waste	Polyethylene (LDPE)	as produce bags, overwrap for water bottles, garbage
	Films	bags, kitchen liners, blue or clear recycling bags,
		sandwich and freezer bags, etc.
		Does not include Black Plastics.
		nackaging
	Expanded	puolingingi
	Polystyrene	Includes food trays, clamshells, etc. Also includes
		foam packaging "peanuts" and foam blocks used to
		protect boxed products.
		An riasue su'apping material.
	Plastic Strapping	This material is used to bundle products together for
		retail sales and can come in a variety of colours and

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Table C3: Blue Box Sample Summary - By Functional Area

Waste Generating Areas Total Weight of Sample





Table C4: Red Box Sample Summary - By Functional Area





Table C10: Percentage of Red Box Composition per Functional Area

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Client Name: Eastview Horizon Primary School WRG Project No:

Date: 2023 - 2024

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 Ministry of the Environment Waste Form Report of a Waste Audit Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Establishments

III. HOW WASTE IS PRODUCED AND DECISIONS AFFECTING THE PRODUCTION OF WASTE

For each category of waste that is produced at the entity(ies), explain how the waste will be produced and how management decisions and policies will affect the production of waste.

Categories of Waste	How Is the Waste Produced and What Management Decisions/Policies Affect Its Production?

IV. MANAGEMENT OF WASTE

For each category of waste listed below, indicate which waste items will be disposed or reused/recycled and how each item will be managed at the entity(ies).

Category

Waste to be Disposed

Reused or Recycled Waste

IV. MANAGEMENT OF WASTE

V. ESTIMATED QUANTITY OF WASTE PRODUCED Eastview Horizon Public School

Note: When completing this form, write "n/a" in the "Estimated Amount of Waste Produced" column where the entity will not produce any waste for a category of waste. * Fill out these columns each VI. EXTENT TO WHICH MATERIALS OR PRODUCTS USED OR SOLD BY THE ENTITY CONSIST OF RECYCLED OR REUSED MATERIALS OR PRODUCTS

III. PLANS TO REDUCE, REUSE AND RECYCLE WASTE

For each category of waste described in Part V of "Report of a Waste Audit" (on which this plan is based), explain what your plans are to Reduce, Reuse and Recycle the waste, including: 1) how the waste will be source separated at the establishment, and 2) the pr

V. TIMETABLE FOR IMPLEMENTING WASTE REDUCTION WORK PLAN

Provide a timetable indicating when each Source Separation and 3Rs program of the Waste Reduction Work Plan will be implemented.

Source Separation and 3Rs Program	Schedule for Completion

VI. COMMUNICATION TO STAFF, CUSTOMERS, GUESTS AND VISITORS

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